

國立臺北教育大學 99 學年度研究所在職進修碩士學位班招生考試  
【兒童英語教育學系英語教育碩士在職專班】

英文閱讀與寫作 試題

◎注意事項：

- 一、本試題全部題目均須作答，總分 100 分。
- 二、請於答案卷中作答，否則不予計分。
- 三、答案卷上請用藍色或黑色筆繕寫，不得使用鉛筆。
- 四、作答時請先標明題號，橫式書寫。

I. In questions 1-15, choose the most appropriate word or phrase to complete the sentence. (共 15 題，每題 2 分，共 30 分)

1. The South Korean government \_\_\_\_\_ that the country has 2 million citizens addicted to the Internet.  
(A) promotes (B) contributes (C) evaluates (D) estimates
2. The famous Barack Obama 'Hope' poster \_\_\_\_\_ a portrait of Obama in red, white and blue, with the word "hope" below it.  
(A) consists (B) depicts (C) composes (D) transcends
3. In a court of law, there must be \_\_\_\_\_ evidence for a jury to find an accused person guilty of committing a crime.  
(A) intangible (B) tangential (C) credible (D) controversial
4. \_\_\_\_\_ editions of the 'TWILIGHT' trilogy of vampire books have sold well; it is expected that the third and final book, which goes on sale today, will also sell well.  
(A) Previous (B) Alternative (C) Novel (D) Version
5. Striking factory workers in Paris are \_\_\_\_\_ higher wages and better working conditions for employees.  
(A) defending (B) concluding (C) demonstrating (D) demanding
6. If you take your medicine according to the doctor's instructions, the effects of the illness should \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) prolong (B) reduce (C) diminish (D) downsize
7. The future peace and harmony of the world depends on our ability \_\_\_\_\_ along with each other.  
(A) of get (B) to getting (C) as it gets (D) to get
8. Only a \_\_\_\_\_ person would be taken in by such ads.  
(A) current (B) culpable (C) credulous (D) consensus
9. Chinese medicine is \_\_\_\_\_ the stigma of being unscientific by combining age-old practices with modern technology.  
(A) accommodating (B) eliminating (C) endorsing (D) assessing

10. He couldn't drive because his license was \_\_\_\_\_ for one month.  
 (A) expired (B) dispensed (C) retracted (D) suspended
11. In the late 1800s, a Swiss zoologist \_\_\_\_\_ that bats could see with their ears, and his ideas were proved by an undergraduate at Harvard University named Donald Griffin in 1944.  
 (A) ascertained (B) postulated (C) estimated (D) confirmed
12. Skunks emit a \_\_\_\_\_ odor in the face of danger.  
 (A) pungent (B) indistinct (C) bellicose (D) consistent
13. An allergy results when the body reacts \_\_\_\_\_ to certain substances introduced to it.  
 (A) purposefully (B) superfluously (C) concisely (D) adversely
14. The idea that our society is too much preoccupied with weight-loss was \_\_\_\_\_ me the other day when my 7-year-old niece told me that she was only eating a meal a day to stay thin and beautiful.  
 (A) occurred to (B) brought home to (C) dawned on (D) let on
15. As soon as our supervisor came back from his vacation, he asked us to \_\_\_\_\_ on the progress of our projects.  
 (A) fill him in (B) keep up with him (C) bring him up (D) lay him off

**II. In questions 16-25, each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. Identify one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. (共 10 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)**

16. The Great Wall of China is a series of stone and earthen fortifications, built originally as protect the northern borders of the Chinese Empire.  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
17. Google closed its China-based search services on Monday and begun redirecting Web searchers to an uncensored site in Hong Kong.  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
18. Johan Ku is arguably the hottest designer in Taiwan now. Since winning the Ge Art's Style International Design Competition three months ago, the designer has been busy working with local pop stars, getting lectures, planning his new business, and presenting his award-winning creations at a museum.  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
19. Many of Shakespeare's comedies originate on popular tales in which the world is turned upside down.  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
20. In Mindy's opinion, nothing beats the taste of milk chocolate, excepting dark chocolate!  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)

21. The journey from Los Angeles to San Diego is a three-hours trip if the traffic isn't heavy.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
22. Fast-action cameras, able to record the instant a runner bursts across the finish line, make possible for judges to declare the winner.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
23. Virtual all Argentines speak Spanish, which, however, is a distinctive kind of Spanish, much influenced by Italian.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
24. Since its health hazard to second-hand smokers, smoking is being banned in many public areas.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
25. Nectar is a sweet fluid produced by plants, providing the primary ingredient bees gathering up to make delicious honey.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)

**III. Answer all questions following the corresponding passage on the basis of what is stated or implied in the passage. (共 10 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)**

**[Passage A]**

By age 5, kids who have always lived in poverty have IQs an average of nine points lower than those who were never poor, a new study finds-and the gap can't be chalked up to differences in mothers' education, divorce rates, or race.

Income seems to have the "biggest effect on a child's cognitive development," says economist Greg Duncan, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.

Duncan and psychologist Jeanne Brooks-Gunn of Columbia University followed 895 babies for five years, checking family income and child development along the way. At 5, all kids took IQ tests. Findings:

- Income is nearly twice as powerful a predictor of a child's IQ as moms' education, which earlier research suggested played a major role. But "education doesn't seem to help much if you don't have money," Duncan says.
- Children raised by single moms have lower IQs than those in two-parent homes-but that gap closes when income is taken into account.
- Poor children from all racial and ethnic groups are equally impaired.

The IQ gap "is one of many compelling reasons why we need policies to end childhood poverty."

26. According to the study, kids who have always lived in poverty have IQs that are approximately \_\_\_\_\_ points lower than kids who have never been poor.  
(A) one  
(B) nine  
(C) five  
(D) three

27. In line 14, the author implies that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) children of all races are poor  
(B) poverty influences children's opportunities  
(C) race is not a factor in determining a child's IQ  
(D) children of mixed race are less likely to be poor
28. According to the passage, mother's education is \_\_\_\_\_ predictor of a child's IQ compared to family income.  
(A) not a  
(B) an equal  
(C) half as much a  
(D) three times as much a
29. The author implies that children raised by single parents with high incomes will have \_\_\_\_\_ IQ scores compared with children raised by two parents with high incomes.  
(A) lower  
(B) higher  
(C) negligible  
(D) equivalent
30. The main idea of this passage is that how much parents earn affects \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) how intelligent their kids are  
(B) what they can buy for their kids  
(C) the quality of their kids' education  
(D) their kids' physical development

### [Passage B]

Birds, like mammals, have a four-chambered heart that separates oxygenated and deoxygenated blood. The body temperature of birds is from 2° to 14° higher than that of other mammals. Though the use of the phrase "bird-brain" as an insult would suggest otherwise, birds in fact have a relatively large brain. They also possess keen sight and acute hearing, though they have little sense of smell. Birds are highly adapted for flight; their body structures combine lightness and strength. Body weight is reduced by the pressure of a horny bill instead of heavy jaws and teeth and by air sacs in their hollow bones as well as in other parts of the body. Compactness and firmness are achieved by the fusion of bones in the pelvic region and in other parts of the skeleton. The heavier parts of bird bodies—the gizzard, intestines, flight muscles, and thigh muscles—are all strategically located for maintaining balance in flight. Feathers, despite their lightness, are highly protective against cold and wet. Feathers used for flight, especially, have great strength. Some birds, such as the ostrich, the penguin, and the chicken, lack the power of flight and have a flat sternum, or breastbone, without the prominent keel to which the well-developed flight muscles of other birds are attached.

In the majority of species of bird there are differences between males and females in plumage coloring. Male birds are usually the more brilliant or the more distinctly marked and are the aggressors in courtship. Most birds build a nest in which to lay their eggs. Some birds, such as the oriole, weave an intricate structure, while others lay their eggs directly on the ground or among a few seemingly carelessly assembled twigs. Eggs vary in size, number, color, and shape. In spring and fall many birds migrate. Not all of the factors motivating this behavior are fully understood. These trips often involve flights of hundreds and even thousands of miles over mountain and oceans.

31. What is the writer's primary purpose?  
(A) To explain bird mating rituals.  
(B) To offer advice to bird watchers.  
(C) To provide information about birds.  
(D) To point out the differences between birds and mammals.
32. What is the author's point about the phrase "bird-brain"?  
(A) It denotes praise for the intelligence of birds.  
(B) It is an accurate description of a bird's brain.  
(C) It is something kids call each other to be insulting.  
(D) It is a misnomer because birds actually have good-sized brains.
33. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a reason why birds are able to fly?  
(A) Their bones are hollow.  
(B) They have flat breastbones.  
(C) Their feathers are waterproof.  
(D) They have hard beaks instead of jaws.
34. Which of the following is true about the plumage of birds?  
(A) Males are more brightly colored.  
(B) Females are more brightly colored.  
(C) Males and females have the same appearance.  
(D) Appearance varies by season.
35. What is the meaning of the word "migrate," used in the last paragraph?  
(A) To motivate.  
(B) To watch over one's young.  
(C) To move from one place to another.  
(D) To change spouses.

#### IV. 中翻英 (15 分)

黑格爾 (Hegel) 用客觀的角度去探討美的根源。他認為日出、日落只是自然現象，本身並沒有美醜。日出、日落之所以美，是我們看黎明與黃昏的時候，喚起了生命裡的某種感嘆。

#### V. 英翻中 (15 分)

Blind from birth, I have never had the opportunity to see myself and have been completely dependent on the image I create in the eye of the observer. To date it has not been narcissistic.

There are those who assume that since I can't see, I obviously also cannot hear. Very often people will converse with me at the top of their lungs, enunciating every word very carefully. Conversely, people will often whisper, assuming that since my eyes don't work, my ears don't either.

On the other hand, others know that of course I can hear, but believe that I can't talk. Often, therefore, when my wife and I go out to dinner, a waiter or waitress will ask Kit if "*he would like a drink*" to which I respond that "*indeed he would.*"

※本試題紙請隨答案卷繳回※